**Schedule 3 TO COIDA**

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| **Diseases** | **Work** |
|  | **(a) Any work involving the handling of or exposure to any of the following substances emanating from the workplace concerned:** |
| Pneumoconiosis-fibrosis of the parenchyma of the lung | organic or inorganic fibrogenic dust |
| Pleural thickening causing significant impairment of function | Asbestos or asbestos dust |
| Bronchopulmonary disease | metal carbides (hard metals) |
| Byssinosis | flax, cotton or sisal |
| Occupational asthma | the sensitizing agents- |
| (1) isocyanates |
| (2) platinum, nickel, cobalt, vanadium or chromium salts |
| (3) hardening agents, including epoxy resins |
| (4) acrylic acids or derived acrylates |
| (5) soldering or welding fumes |
| (6) substances from animals or insects |
| (7) fungi or spores |
| (8) proteolytic enzymes |
| (9) organic dust |
| (10) vapours or fumes of formaldehyde, anhydrides, amines or diamines |
| Extrinsic allergic alveolitis | moulds, fungal spores or any other allergenic proteinaceous material, 2,4 toluene-di­isocyanates |
| Any disease or pathological manifestations | Beryllium, cadmium, phosphorus, chromium, manganese, arsenic, mercury, lead, fluorine, carbon disulfide, cyanide, halogen derivatives of aliphatic or aromatic hydrocarbons, benzene or its homologues, nitro- and amino-derivatives of benzene or its homologues, nitroglycerine or other nitric acid esters, hydrocarbons, trinitrotoluol, alcohols, glycols or ketones, acrylamide, or any compounds of the aforementioned substances |
| Erosion of the tissues of the oral cavity or nasal cavity | irritants, alkalis, acids or fumes thereof |
| Dysbarism, including decompression sickness, baro-trauma or osteonecrosis | abnormal atmospheric or water pressure |
| Any disease | ionising radiation from any source |
| Allergic or irritant contact dermatitis | Dust, liquids or other external agents or factors |
| Mesothelioma of the pleura or peritoneum or other malignancy of the lung | Asbestos or asbestos dust |
| Malignancy of the lung, skin, larynx, mouth cavity or bladder | Coal-tar, pitch, asphalt or bitumen or volatiles thereof |
| Malignancy of the lung, mucous membrane of the nose or associated air sinuses | nickel or its compounds |
| Malignancy of the lung | hexavalant chromium compounds, or bis chloromethyl ether |
| Angiosarcoma of the liver | vinyl chloride monomer |
| Malignancy of the bladder | 4-amino-diphenyl, benzidine, beta naphtylamine, 4-nitro-diphenyl |
| Leukaemia | Benzene |
| Melanoma of the skin | polychlorinated biphenyls |
| Tuberculosis of the lung | (1) crystalline silica (alpha quartz) |
| (2) mycobacterium tuberculosis or MOTTS (mycobacterium other than tuberculosis) transmitted to an employee during the performance of health care work from a patient suffering from active open tuberculosis |
| Brucellosis | Brucella abortus, suis or mellitensis transmitted through contact with infected animals or their products |
| Anthrax | bacillus anthracis transmitted through contact with infected animals or their products |
| Q-fever | coxiella burneti emanating from infected animals or their products |
| Bovine tuberculosis | mycobacterium bovis transmitted through contact with infected animals or their products |
| Rift Valley Fever | virus transmitted by infected animals or their products |
|  | **(b) Any work involving the handling of or exposure to any of the following:** |
| Hearing impairment | excessive noise |
| Hand-arm vibration syndrome (Raynaud's phenomenon) | Vibrating equipment |
| Any disease due to overstraining of muscular tendonous insertions | Repetitive movements |